Cardiovascular System biology

Key words Key diagram – Structure of a heart RIGHT LEFT deoxygenated blood to the lungs oxygenated blood to the body word definition aorta (main artery) pulmonary artery The two upper cavities of Atrium semi-lunar valve the heart from which blood oxygenated blood from the lungs is passed to the ventricles. deoxygenated blood from the body Ventricle Two main chambers of the pulmonary vein vena cava (main vein) heart, left and right right atrium Aorta The main artery of the left atrium body tricuspid valve Valve Maintains the flow of the bicuspid valve contents in one direction Capillaries The fine branching blood vessels left ventricle Remove oxygen from right ventricle Deoxygenate

Key knowledge

facts

Respiration is the movement of oxygen from the outside environment to the cells within tissues, and the transport of carbon dioxide in the opposite direction.

An artery has a thick muscular walls, small lumen, carry blood under high pressure, carry oxygenated blood (except for the pulmonary artery).

Veins have thin walls, large lumen, carry blood under low pressure, have valves to stop flow in the wrong direction, carry deoxygenated blood (except for the pulmonary vein).

Smoking damages your heart and your blood circulation, increasing the risk of conditions such as coronary heart disease, heart attack and stroke,



